SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Product Data
 - 1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
 - 2. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
 - 3. Powder-actuated fastener systems.
- B. Shop Drawings
 - 1. Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following; include Product Data for components.
 - 2. Trapeze pipe hangers including product data for components.
 - 3. Metal framing systems including product data for components.
 - 4. Equipment supports.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified structural professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for HVAC piping, and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. Design supports for multiple pipes capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
 - 2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Anvil International, Inc.
 - 2. B-Line Systems, Inc. (a division of Cooper Industries)

- 3. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Company
- 4. PHD Manufacturing, Inc
- B. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped for hangers in contact with galvanized piping.
 - 3. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
 - 4. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of steel or stainless steel in moist area.
- C. Copper Pipe Hangers:
 - 1. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner for hangers in contact with copper piping.
 - 2. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of copper-coated steel.

2.2 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural carbon-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.3 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. ERICO International Corporation.
 - 2. Pipe Shields, Inc.; a subsidiary of Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
 - 3. Rilco Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. Description: 100 psig minimum, compressive-strength insulation insert encased in sheet metal shield.
- C. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- D. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- E. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

2.4 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Hilti, Inc.
 - 2. ITW Ramset/Red Head
 - 3. MKT Fastening, LLC
 - 4. Powers Fasteners.
- B. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- C. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel anchors, for use in hardened portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

2.5 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

2.6 ROOF EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Curbs Plus, inc.
 - 2. Pate Company (The)
 - 3. Roof Products, Inc.
 - 4. Thybar Corporation
- B. Equipment supports: Internally reinforced metal equipment supports capable of supporting superimposed live and dead loads, including equipment loads and other construction indicated on Drawings; with welded or mechanically fastened and sealed corner joints and integrally formed deck-mounting flange at perimeter.
- C. Support Size: Coordinate dimensions with roughing-in information or Shop Drawings of equipment to be supported.
- D. Material: Zinc-coated galvanized steel sheet, 0.052 inch thick.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install hangers, supports, clamps and attachments to support piping properly from building structure. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping supported together on field-fabricated, heavy-duty trapeze hangers where possible. Where piping of various sizes is supported together by trapeze hangers, space hangers for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipe as specified above for individual pipe hangers.
- B. Do not suspend hangers from roof decks. Suspend from roof trusses, joists and joist girders only at panel points and at top chords unless otherwise indicated.
- C. All piping hangers in exterior spaces, such as parking garages, exposure to high humidity, etc., or in interior swimming pool areas shall be galvanized.
- D. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- E. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- F. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- G. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports, metal trapeze pipe hangers and attachments for general service applications.
- H. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- I. Where piping is close to floor or roof, support on adjustable pipe support.
- J. All mechanical equipment shall have concrete bases and/or structural steel supports and shall be provided by this contractor.
- K. The use of pumps or other equipment as piping supports shall be prohibited. All such connectors and their supports shall be independently supported from the building structure and inspected and approved by the Engineer before bolting.

- L. Piping connections to all equipment with moving parts shall be isolated with braided copper or stainless steel flexible links, which shall be selected to absorb the deflection on the isolating members.
- M. Use thermal-hanger shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.
- N. Hangers: Provide adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1) for suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes.
- O. Horizontal-Piping Clamps: Provide Carbon- or Alloy-Steel, Double-Bolt Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 3) for suspension of pipes requiring clamp flexibility and up to 4 inches of insulation.
- P. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Provide pre-insulated extension pipe or Riser Clamps for support of pipe risers.
- Q. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
 - 2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- R. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Inserts:
 - a. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from structural concrete ceiling.
 - 2. Clamps:
 - a. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
 - b. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
 - 3. Miscellaneous:
 - a. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of steel beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
 - b. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
 - 1) Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
 - 2) Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
 - 3) Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.

- c. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
- d. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.
- S. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
 - 2. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.
- T. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- U. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.
- V. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- W. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
 - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- X. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- Y. Fastener System Installation:
 - 1. Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
 - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- Z. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

- AA. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- BB. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, guides, expansion joints, strainers and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- CC. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- DD. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- EE. Insulated Piping:
 - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
 - a. Clamps: Attach clamps, including spacers (if any), to piping with clamps projecting through insulation. Do not exceed pipe stresses allowed by manufacturer.
 - b. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
 - c. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
 - d. Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
 - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
 - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weightdistribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
 - 3. Shields:
 - a. Install protective galvanized steel shields, MSS Type 40, on insulated piping smaller than 2-inch NPS. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees and shall be a minimum of 12-inches in length.
 - b. Install thermal-hanger shield inserts on all insulated piping 2-inch NPS and larger.
 - 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.

5. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

3.2 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports. Install and align fabricated anchors in indicated locations.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal are specified in Division 9.

C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

A. Piping:

Piping Material	Pipe Size	Hanger Spacing (OC)
Steel	NPS 1-1/4" and smaller	8'-0''
Steel	NPS 1-1/2" to NPS 2"	10'-0"
Steel	NPS 2-1/2" and larger	12'-0"
Copper	1" and smaller	6'-0''
Copper	1-1/4" and larger	8'-0''

1. In addition to supported pipe information above, support piping at each change in direction.

END OF SECTION 230529